## Art. 321

Breach of professional confidentiality

1. Whoever in his capacity as a member of the clergy, lawyer, defence lawyer, notary, auditor subject to a duty of confidentiality under the Code of Obligations<sup>1</sup>, doctor, dentist, pharmacist, midwife or as an auxiliary to any of the foregoing persons discloses confidential information that has been confided to him in his professional capacity or which has come to his knowledge in the practice of his profession is liable on complaint to a custodial sentence of up to three years or to a monetary penalty.

A student who discloses confidential information that has come to his knowledge in the course of his studies is also liable to the foregoing penalties.

A breach of professional confidentiality remains an offence following the termination of professional employment or of the

- 2. No offence is committed if the person disclosing the information does so with the consent of the person to whom the information pertains or on the basis of written authorisation issued in response to his application by a superior authority or supervisory authority.
- 3. The federal and cantonal provisions on the duty to testify and on the obligation to provide information to an authority are reserved.